

WOODLANDS RING SECONDARY SCHOOL

Name :		Reg No	Class :
EXAMINATION :	END-OF-YEAR EXAMINA	TION	
LEVEL :	SECONDARY 2 NORMAL	ACADEMIC	DATE: 05 Oct 2018
SUBJECT :	MATHEMATICS		PAPER: 1
DURATION :	1 hour 15 minutes		MAX MARKS: 50
SETTER(S) :	Mr Ong Chee Lim	Parent's/Guard	lian's Signature:

READ THESE INSTRUCTONS FIRST

Write your name, class and register number on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. If working is needed for any question, it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

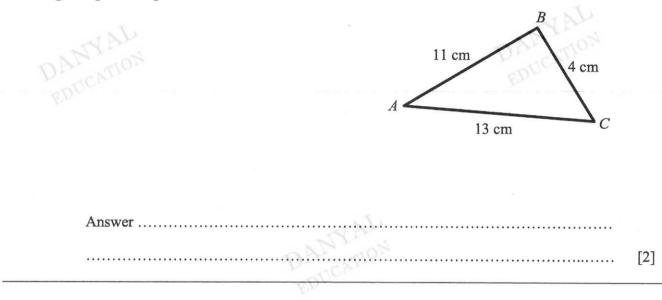
The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate. If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

For Examiner's Us	se
Strand	Marks
1. Arithmetic (Questions 1, 2, 3, 9, 10)	/ 13
2. Statistics and Probability (Questions 15)	/ 6
3. Algebra (Questions 4, 7, 11)	/ 9
4. Geometry and Mensuration (Question 5, 6, 8, 12, 13, 14)	/ 22
TOTAL MARKS	50

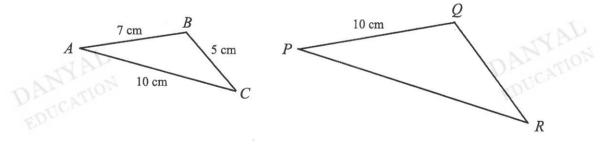
Answer <u>ALL</u> questions.

Calculate $\frac{\sqrt{49.04 \times 5.01}}{7.02 - \sqrt{6.99}}$. (a) 1 Write down the first five digits on your calculator display. [1] Answer Write your answer to part (a) correct to 2 decimal places. **(b)** [1] (a) Express 40 as the product of its prime factors. 2 Answer [1] Find the highest common factor of 40 and 56. DAN 20. DAN 20. EDUCATION **(b)** Answer [1] The first four terms of a sequence are 5, 10, 15 and 20. 3 (a) Write down the 7th term of the sequence. Answer [1] Find an expression, in terms of n, for the nth term of the sequence. **(b)**

5 Use Pythagoras' Theorem to decide whether triangle *ABC* shown in the figure below is a right-angled triangle.



6 Triangle ABC and triangle PQR are similar. Find RQ.



3

Answer $RQ = \dots$ [2]

Find x and y in the given simultaneous equations below. 7

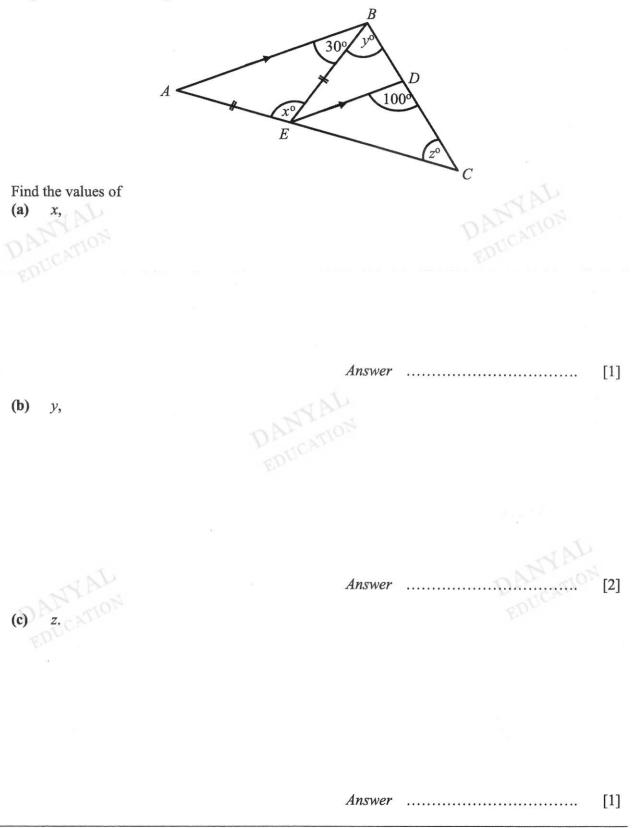
3x - y = 7x + y = 1



8 (a) Express $\frac{3}{8}$ as a percentage.

Answer% [1]

 (b) A toy store is having its annual sale. After a 40% discount, a jigsaw puzzle is sold at \$36. Determine the price of the jigsaw puzzle before this discount. 9 In the diagram, *BDC* and *AEC* are straight lines. *AB* is parallel to *ED* and *AE* = *BE*. Angle $ABE = 30^{\circ}$ and angle $EDC = 100^{\circ}$.



10 (a)

Strawberry Shortbread Biscuit Recipe

100 g flour 75 g butter 50 g sugar A few drops of strawberry essence Makes 12 biscuits

Hafiz wants to make 90 strawberry shortbread biscuits. How many grams of sugar will he use?

[2] Answer g

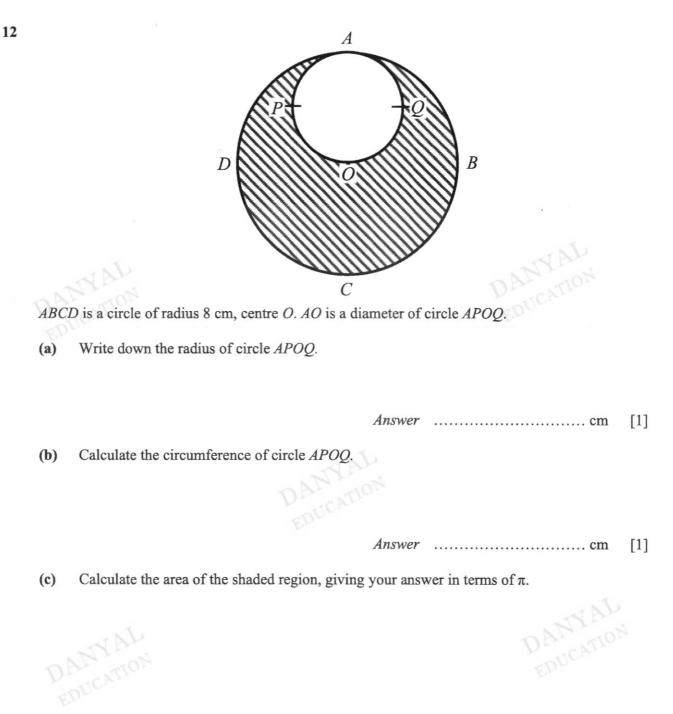
A car is travelling at a constant speed of 72 km/h. Find how many minutes the car takes to **(b)** travel 126 km.



Answer minutes [2]

(a) $\frac{2x^3}{3} \times \frac{9}{6x}$ Simplify 11 Answer [2] **(b)** $6a^2 \div \frac{2a}{b}$

[2] Answer

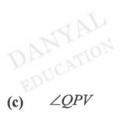


 $R \xrightarrow{18 \text{ cm}} S$ $12 \text{ cm} \xrightarrow{9 \text{ cm}} P$ U

In the diagram shown above, quadrilateral *PQRS* is congruent to quadrilateral *TUVS*. $\angle STU = 113^{\circ}$, RS = 18 cm, QR = 12 cm, PS = 9 cm, $\angle PSR = 62^{\circ}$ and $\angle QRS = 74^{\circ}$. Find

(a) the length of SV,

(b) $\angle PQR$



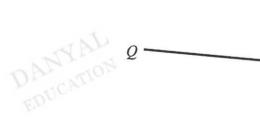


[2] Answer

Answer° [1]

14	In tri	angle PQR, $PQ = 10$ cm and $\angle PQR = 70^{\circ}$.	
	(a)	Using the line QR already given below, construct triangle PQR.	[2]
	(b)	Construct the perpendicular bisector of QR .	[2]
	(c)	Construct the angle bisector of $\angle PQR$.	[2]

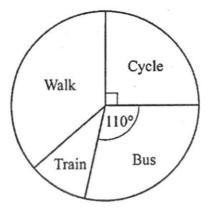






- R

15 (a) The pie chart below shows how the students in another school travelled to school



330 students travelled by bus.

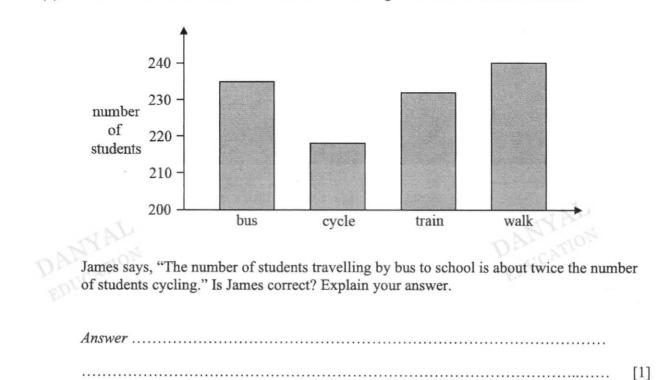
Calculate the number of students who cycled to school.

.... Answer [2]

(ii) Three times as many students walked to school as those who travelled by trains. Calculate the number of students who walked to school.

(i)

(b) The bar chart shows how the students in West Region School travelled to school.



[END OF PAPER]



WOODLANDS RING SECONDARY SCHOOL

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For Examiner's U	se
Strand	Marks
1. Arithmetic (Questions 9, 10)	/ 14
2. Statistics and Probability (Questions 1, 5)	/ 8
3. Algebra (Questions 2, 3, 8)	/ 13
4. Geometry and Mensuration (Question 4, 6, 7)	/ 15
TOTAL MARKS	50

Mathematical Formulae

Mensuration

Surface area of a cone = $\pi r l + \pi r^2$

Volume of a cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

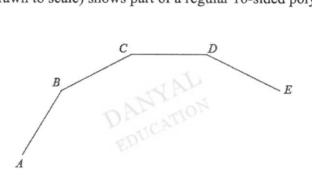
Statistics

Mean = $\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$



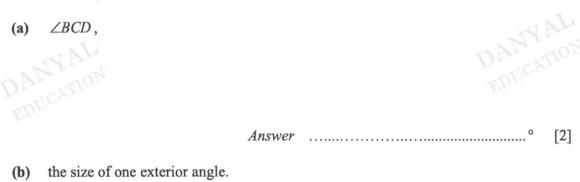
A bag contains 16 red balls, 7 green balls and 8 blue balls. A ball is picked at random. 1 Find the probability that the ball that is picked is white in colour, (a) Answer [1] (b) red in colour, Answer [1] either red, green or blue in colour. (c) Answer [1] Solve the inequality 3x - 2 > 16. 2 (a) Answer [2] Write down the smallest integer value of x which satisfies the above inequality. (b) Answer [1]

- 3 Factorise each of the following expressions completely.
 (a) y² +12y-13
 Answer
 (b) 4x²-100
- DANYAL
- 4 The diagram (not drawn to scale) shows part of a regular 16-sided polygon.



Answer





Answer° [2]

[2]

[2]

5 The following is a stem and leaf diagram of the marks obtained by students in an English Language class test marked out of a total of 80 marks.

Stem	Le	af			
2	0	1	7		
3	3	4	4	4	
4	2				
5	1	8	9		
6	2	2	3	4	

Key: 2|0 means 20

Answer

Find (a) the number of students who took the test,

(b) the modal score,

> _____ marks [1] Answer

..... students [1]

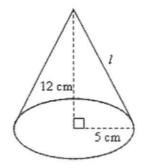
the median score, (c)

> marks [1] Answer

(d) the mean score.

> Answer marks [2]

6 The diagram below shows a circular solid cone with base radius 5 cm and height 12 cm.



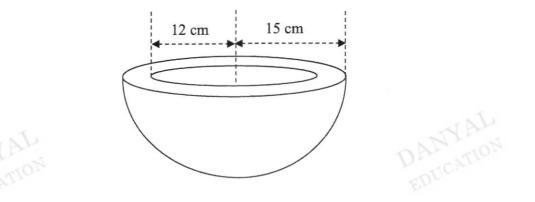
(a) Find the length of the slant height *l*.

..... cm [2] Answer

(b) Find the total surface area of the cone. (Take $\pi = 3.142$, and leave your answers in 3 significant figures)



7 A company wants to manufacture hollow hemispheric containers for sale. Each container has an external radius of 15 cm and an internal radius 12 cm, as shown in the diagram below.



(a) Taking $\pi = 3.142$, find the volume of the material that is needed to make each container. Leave your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



(b) The company is evaluating 3 types of materials, X, Y and Z for manufacturing the container. The cost of each type of material is shown in the table below.

Material	X	Y	Ζ
Cost (\$/cm ³)	0.0014	0.0021	0.0025

If the company wants the cost of each container to be less than \$15, determine the material/s suitable for making the containers.



Answer [3] DANYAN DANYAL

- 8 Mr Ang is x years old this year. Mr Beh is twice as old as Mr Ang. Mr Cheng is 3 years older than Mr Beh.
 - (a) Express Mr Beh's age in terms of x.

(b) Express Mr Cheng's age in terms of x.

(c)

Answer years old [1]

) If the sum of the 3 men's ages is 128, form an equation in terms of x and show [2] that it reduces to 5x+3=128.

(d) Solve the equation 5x + 3 = 128 to find Mr Ang's age.

Answer years old [2]

- (a) It is given that y is inversely proportional to x^2 , and that y = 80 when x = 4. 9
 - Find the equation connecting y and x. (i)

Answer [2]

(ii) Hence, find the value of y when x = -7.

..... Answer [1]

On a map, the distance between two towns is 3 cm when the actual distance **(b)** between the two towns is 12 km.

Find

the scale of the map in 1:n, (i)

Answer [2]

(ii) the actual area of a town, in km^2 , when it has an area of 2 cm² on the map.

10 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The table below shows the corresponding x and y values for the equation y = 3x + 2.

x	-3	0	1	3
у	-7	р	q	11

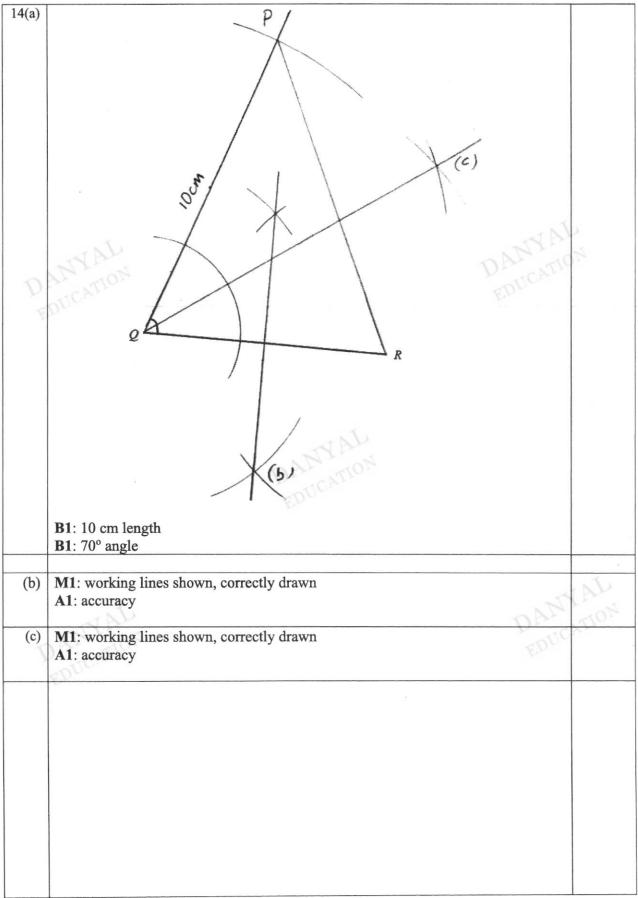
[1] Find the values p and q. (a) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit on the x-axis, and 1 cm to 1 unit on the [2] (b) y-axis, draw the graph of y = 3x + 2 for $-3 \le x \le 3$. (c) From the graph that you have drawn in (b), find the gradient of the line [2] y=3x+2. The point (-1, k) lies on the graph. Determine the value of k. [1] (d) [1] State the *x*-intercept of the graph. (e)

[END OF PAPER]

1(a)		
1(a)	$\frac{\sqrt{49.04} \times 5.01}{7.02 - \sqrt{6.00}} = 8.0171$	B1
	7.02-\0.99	B1
(b)	8.02 (2 d.p.)	ВІ
2(a)	$40 = 2^3 \times 5 \text{ or } 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$	B1
(b)	$56 = 2^3 \times 7$	
	HCF of 40 and $56 = 2^3 = 8$	A1
3(a)	$T_7 = 35$	B1
(b)	$T_n = 5n$	B1
(0)		2
4	37 + 5m - 2m = 79	
V	3m = 79 - 37	
E	3m = 42	M1
	m = 14	A1
5	In $\triangle ABC$, AB is the longest side.	
	$AB^2 = 13^2$	
		M1
	=169	
	$BC^2 + CA^2 = 11^2 + 4^2$	
	$=169$ $BC^{2} + CA^{2} = 11^{2} + 4^{2}$ $= 137$	
	$\therefore AB^2 \neq BC^2 + CA^2$	A1
	$AD \neq DC + CA$	
	Hence, $\triangle ABC$ is not a right-angled triangle.	
		ita
	14 Jan	KON
6	$\frac{RQ}{CB} = \frac{PQ}{AB}$ $\frac{RQ}{5} = \frac{10}{7}$ $RQ = \frac{(10)(5)}{7}$ $= 7\frac{1}{7}cm$	tun
0	CB AB	
1	RQ_{10}	M1
	$\frac{5}{5} = \frac{7}{7}$	IVIII
	(10)(5)	
	$RQ = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{7}$	
	1	
	$=7\frac{1}{7}cm$	A1
	1	

x + y = 1 - (2) $(1) + (2), (3x - y) + (x + y) = 7 + 1$ $4x = 8$ $x = 2$ (2) $(2) + y = 1$ $y = -1$ herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. $(37.5%)$ $(36.0) = 37.5%$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$ $(36.0) = 36.0$	M1 A1 A1 A1 M1 A1
4x = 8 $x = 2$ ubstitute $x = 2$ into (2), 2) + y = 1 $y = -1$ herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. = 37.5% $(2) 60% corresponds to 36 nonetary value (3) 60% corresponds to \$0.60 $(3) 60% corresponds to 0.60	A1 A1 A1 M1
4x = 8 $x = 2$ ubstitute $x = 2$ into (2), 2) + y = 1 $y = -1$ herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. = 37.5% $(2) 60% corresponds to 36 nonetary value (3) 60% corresponds to \$0.60 $(3) 60% corresponds to 0.60	A1 A1 A1 M1
x = 2 ubstitute $x = 2$ into (2), 2) + y = 1 $y = -1$ herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. = 37.5% $(2) 60% corresponds to 36 nonetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 A1 A1 M1
ubstitute $x = 2$ into (2), 2) + y = 1 y = -1 herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. =37.5%) 60% corresponds to \$36 onetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 A1 A1 M1
2) + $y = 1$ y = -1 herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. =37.5% a) 60% corresponds to \$36 conetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 A1 M1
y = -1 herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. =37.5% a) 60% corresponds to \$36 contary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 A1 M1
herefore, the solution is $x = 2$ and $y = -1$. =37.5% a) 60% corresponds to \$36 ionetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 M1
=37.5% a) 60% corresponds to \$36 conetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 M1
=37.5% a) 60% corresponds to \$36 conetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	A1 M1
a) 60% corresponds to \$36 conetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	M1
a) 60% corresponds to \$36 conetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	M1
onetary value % corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	
% corresponds to \$0.60 00% corresponds to \$60	
00% corresponds to \$60	
	A1
rice before discount = \$60	I A I
. 1	
= 180 - 30 - 30 (angle sum of triangle)	
= 120	A1
ngle $ABD = 100^{\circ}$ (int angle, AB // ED)	M1
EDU	
= 100 - 30	A1
= 70	
= 180 - 100 - 30 (angle sum of triangle)	
= 50	Al
0	1/1
$\frac{0}{2} \times 50$	M1
2 010	1
375 g	A1
106	M1
diatawan 1/b	1411
$me = \frac{distance}{smead} = \frac{126}{72} \times 60 min$	1
$me = \frac{distance}{speed} = \frac{126}{72} \times 60 min$	
2	375 g

11(a)	$\frac{2x^3}{2x^3} \times \frac{9}{9} = \frac{(2x^3)(9)}{(x^3)^3}$	
	3 6x (3)(6x)	M1
	$=\frac{(2xxx)(9)}{(2xxx)(9)}$	IVII
	$=\frac{1}{(3)(6x)}$	
	$=\frac{x^2}{x}$	
	$=\frac{1}{1}$	
	$=x^{2}$	A1
(b)	$6a^2 \div \frac{2a}{b} = 6a^2 \times \frac{b}{2a}$	M1
	$=\frac{6a^2}{1}\times\frac{b}{2a}$	
	$=\frac{(6a^2)(b)}{(a^2)}$	2
nA	$= \frac{6a^2}{1} \times \frac{b}{2a}$ $= \frac{(6a^2)(b)}{(1)(2a)}$	
V	(1)(2a)	
Er	$=\frac{3ab}{3ab}$	
	= 3ab	A1
12(a)	4 cm	B1
(b)	4 cm Circumference = $2\pi(4)$	
	=25.1 cm or 25.136 cm	A1
(c)	area of circle $ABCD = 64\pi$ cm ²	
	area of circle $APOQ = 16\pi \text{ cm}^2$ Area of shaded region = $64\pi - 16\pi$ = $48\pi \text{ cm}^2$	M1
	Area of shaded region = $64\pi - 16\pi$	
	$=48\pi$ cm ²	Al
13(a)	SV = SR	
		B1
(b)	Since PQRS is congruent to TUVS,	Br
(0)		4017
	= 18 cm Since PQRS is congruent to TUVS, $\angle SPQ = \angle STU$ $= 113^{\circ}$	M1
V	$=113^{\circ}$	
1	Since the sum of angles in a quadrilateral is 360°,	
	$\angle PQR = 360^{\circ} - \angle SPQ - \angle QRS - \angle RSP$	
	$= 360^{\circ} - 113^{\circ} - 74^{\circ} - 62^{\circ}$	
	=111°	A1
(c)	$\angle QPV = 180^{\circ} - \angle SPQ$	M1
	$=180^{\circ}-113^{\circ}$	
	= 67°	A 1
		A1



WRS 2018 - Sec 2N Math	EOY Paper1 Mark Scheme

15(ai)	$\frac{330}{3} \times 90$	M1
	110 ~ 50	A1
	=270	
(ii)	Angle for walk and train = $360 - 90 - 110$	1.11
	$= 160^{o}$	M1
	Angle for walk = $160^{\circ} \times \frac{3}{4} = 120^{\circ}$	M 1
	$\frac{330}{110} \times 120 = 360$	A1
15(b)	No, because the vertical axis does not start at 0 or figures given: compare 216 and 233	2
	Dr. M	1

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WOODLANDS RING SECONDARY SCHOOL

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MA	RKIN	G SCHEME				VAL
1.	(a)	0			[B1]	
	(b)	$\frac{16}{16+7+8} =$	$\frac{16}{31}$		[B1]	
	(c)	1			[B1]	Υ.
2.	(a)	3x-2 > 16 3x > 16+2 3x > 18 x > 6			[M1] [A1]	
	(b)	7		EL	[B1]	×
3.		$y^2 + 12y - 13$		(y+13)(y-1)		ard one mark if only one of the of factors is correct.
	(b)	$4x^2 - 100$	=	$4(x^2 - 25) 4(x+5)(x-5)$	[M1] [A1]	EDUCAT
4.	(a)	Sum of interior	angles	s = (16-2)18 = 2520°	30°	[M1]
		∠BCD		= $2520^{\circ} \div 1$ = 157.5°	6	[A1]
	(b)	Exterior angle		= 360° ÷16 = 22.5°		[M1] [A1]

5.	(a)	total number of students			15 students	[B1]	
	(b)	modal score		=	34 marks	[B1]	
	(c)	median score		=	42 marks	[B1]	
	(d)	Mean score					
		$=\frac{20+21+27+33+34}{2}$	[M1]				
		$=\frac{664}{15}$					
D	AN	= 44.3 or $44\frac{4}{15}$					DANYAL EDUCAT[A1]
6.	6. (a) $12^2 + 5^2 = l^2$ $144 + 25 = l^2$ $l = \sqrt{169}$				as' Theorem)	[M1]	
		= 13				[A1]	
	(b)	Surface area = $\pi(5)(13) + \pi(5)^2$ = 90π or 282.78 $\approx 283 \text{ cm}^2 (3\text{sf})$	3			[M1] [M1] [A1]	
			=)(13) 23 cm ²	[M1]	
		CAT	=	$\pi(5)$ 78.5	$(5 \text{ cm}^2)^2$	[M1]	
			= *		23 + 78.55 cm ² (3sf)	[A1]	*

7.

(a) Volume of material needed

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi (15)^3 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi (12)^3 \qquad [M1]$$

= 1098\pi (M1)
= 3449.9 cm³
\approx 3450 cm³ (3sf) (A1)

$$\approx$$
 3450 cm³ (3sf)

Alternate method

Volume of big hemisphere	=	$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi (15)^3$ 7069.5 cm ³	[M1]
Volume of hollow	=	$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \pi (12)^3$ 3619.6 cm ³	[M1]
Volume of material needed	# # #	7069.5 - 3619.6 3449.9 cm3 3450 cm ³ (3sf)	[A1]
For material X, cost = \$0.0014×3449.9 = \$4.83	9		

(b)

For material Y, \$0.0021×3449.9 cost = \$7.24 =

For material Z, \$0.0025×3449.9 cost = \$8.62 =

All 3 materials X, Y and Z are suitable.

DANYAL [M1] - for showing the correct steps of working for all 3. - for getting the correct cost of all 3 types of materials using 5sf working. [M1] - for deriving the correct conclusion based on calculated values. [A1]

8.	(a)	2x years old			[B1]	
	(b)	(2x+3) years old			[B1]	
	(c)	x + 2x + (2x+3) 5x + 3	=	128 128	[M1] allo [A1]	ows ecf
	(e)	5x + 3 $5x$ x		128 128 - 3 125 25	[M1]	
		Mr Ang's age	=	25 years old	[A1]	EDUCATION
9.0	(a)(i)	Let $x^2 y = k$ $(4^2)80 = k$ k = 1280 Hence, $x^2 y = k$)	[M1] [A1]	
	(a)(ii	When $x = -7$ $(-7)^2 y$		1280		
		у	=	$26\frac{6}{49}$ or 26.1	[B1]	
	(b)(i)	3 cm : 12 km	=	1 cm : 4 km 1 cm : 4000 m 1 cm : 400 000 cm	[M1]	
			=	1 : 400 000 1 : 400 000	[A1]	
	(b)(ii) 1 cm 1 cm \times 1 cm 1 cm ² 2 cm ²		4 km $4 \text{ km} \times 4 \text{ km}$ 16 km^2 32 km^2	[M1]	
	Henc	e, actual area is 3	2 km ²		[A1]	

10.	(a)	p q	=	2 5	[A1]
	(b)	SP LA	-	Correct scale and all points plotted correctly Axes marked correctly, line drawn correctly to join the points	[M1] [M1]
	•	-2.5	-2	3 2 1 -1.5 -1 -0.5 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 3	AL
			ON	-1 -2 -3	
	(c)		rect w dient =	orking on the graph to find gradient. = 3	[M1] [A1]
	(d)	k =	-1 (v	alue must be obtained from graph)	[B1]
	(e)	-0.0	6 or -	-0.7 EDUCA	[B1]

