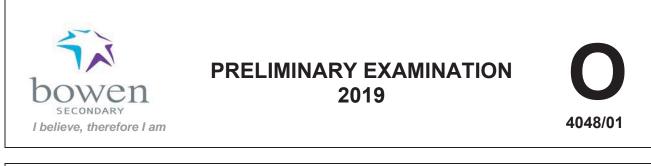
Name



MATHEMATICS Paper 1

Secondary 4 Express/ 4A1/ 5 Normal Academic 30 August 2019

2 hours

Additional Materials: Nil

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, index number and class on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any questions it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total marks for this paper is 80.

DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

For Examiner's u	ISe

80

Setter: Mr Alvis Mazon Tan

This document consists of **<u>20</u>** printed pages, including this cover page.

Answer all the questions.

1 Write down the following in ascending order.

$$\frac{25}{38} \qquad \sqrt{0.49} \qquad 0.60^{\frac{2}{3}} \qquad 0.701$$

Answer [1]

2 (a) Expand and simplify (2x - 1)(2 - 3x) - 3x(2x - 5).

(b) Factorise completely 24ab - 4ac + pc - 6pb.

Answer (*b*) [2]

3 Calculate $\frac{13.5^3}{6.48-2.57}$, giving your answers corrected to 2 significant figures.

 4 If the radius of a sphere increases by 10%, find the percentage increase in its volume.

Answer% [2]

- On a certain day the exchange rate between the pounds (£) and the Singapore dollars was S\$1.684 = £1.
 - (a) Calculate the amount of pounds that Renee can buy with S\$1263.

5

Answer (a) $\pounds = \dots$ [1]

(b) After four weeks, she realized she has too much pounds and she now wants to change £200 back to Singapore dollars.
 If the loss by this transaction is S\$6, what is the current exchange rate? Leave your answers corrected to 4 decimal places.

Answer (b) $\pounds 1 = S \pounds ...$ [2]

Integers P and Q, written as products of their prime factors, are

6

 $P = 2^2 \times 3 \times k^2$ and $Q = 2^3 \times 7 \times k$, where k is a prime number.

(a) Express, in terms of k and as a product of its prime factors, the smallest possible integer which is exactly divisible by both P and Q.

(b) Find the smallest integer, n, such that 27 kn is a multiple of P. Give your answer in terms of k if necessary.

Answer (b) $\boldsymbol{n} = \dots$ [2]

Kai Xuan has written down seven numbers. The mean of these numbers is 8, the median is 7 and the mode is 11. The smallest number is an even prime number and the largest number is eight times the smallest number. The second and third numbers are consecutive numbers.

Find the seven numbers.

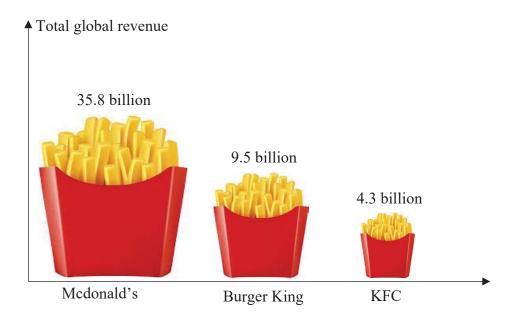
7

Answer =,,,,, [2]

8 Rearrange the formula $v = \frac{-u^2+5}{u^2-a}$ and make u the subject of the formula.

Answer u=[3]

The graph shows the total revenue, in billion dollars, of three different fast food chain.



State one aspect of the graph that may be misleading and explain how this may lead to a misinterpretation of the graph.

Answer	 			
				[2]

10 (a) Solve the inequalities $8 + x < 10 + \frac{3}{2}x \le 15.5 - 2x$.

Answer (a) $x = \dots$ [3]

(b) Hence, write down the largest rational number that satisfies $8 + x < 10 + \frac{3}{2}x \le 15.5 - 2x$

Answer (b) $x = \dots$ [1]

$$T_{1} = \frac{2}{1} - \frac{3}{2}$$
$$T_{2} = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{4}{2^{2}}$$
$$T_{3} = \frac{4}{2^{2}} - \frac{5}{2^{3}}$$
$$T_{4} = \frac{5}{2^{3}} - \frac{6}{2^{4}}$$

(a) Write down the n^{th} line and show that it can be expressed as $T_n = \frac{n}{2^n}$.

Answer(a) [3]

(b) Hence or otherwise, evaluate the following sum and leave your answer as a fraction.

 $T_1 + T_2 + T_3 + \dots \dots T_{11}$

Answer (*b*) [2]

11

 $A = \{\text{points lying on the line } 2x + y = 8\}$ $B = \{\text{points lying on the line } 3x - 4y = 12\}$ $C = \{\text{points lying on the line } mx - 4y = c\}$

(a) Is $(-1,6) \in A$? Explain your answer clearly.

[1]

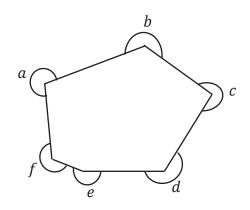
(b) Find the element p such that $p \in (A \cap B)$.

Answer (*b*) p = [2]

(c) Write down a possible value of m and of c such that $B \cap C = \emptyset$.

Answer (c) $m = \dots$ [1]

The diagram below shows an irregular hexagon. Calculate the value of a + b + c + d + e + f.



Answer° [2]

Jia Lung invested some money in the savings account for 4 years . The rate of compound interest was fixed at 4% per annum compounded anually.At the end of 4 years, there was \$8436.48 in her account.

How much did Jia Lung invest in the account?

Answer \$ [3]

- 15 Akshay jogs at a speed of 10 km/h. One evening he jogged around his neighborhood for 1 hour 30 minutes.
 - (a) Calculate the distance that Akshay covered.

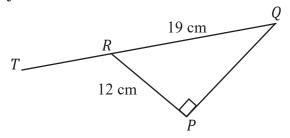
Answer (a) = \dots [1]

(b) Given that the scale of the neighbourhood is 1: 25000, find in cm, the map distance that he covered.

(c) A reservoir located in his neighbourhood occupies a total area of 1.70 cm² on the map. What is the actual area, in m², of the reservoir?

Answer (c)...... m^2 [2]

PQR is a right-angled triangle. *QRT* is a straight line. PR = 12 cm and QR = 19 cm.



Find the values of the following, giving your answer to two decimal places where necessary.

(a) $\tan \angle PQR$

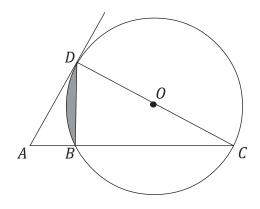
Answer (a) [2]

(b) $\cos \angle TRP$

Answer (*b*)..... [2]

In the diagram, *O* is the centre of the circle *BCD* with radius 20 cm and *CD* is the diameter of the circle. The ratio of the length AB to the length AD is 0.5.

A is a point on BC produced such that AD is a tangent to the circle at D.



Calculate the area of the shaded region.

20	21	16	23
22	17	19	65
23	22	17	22

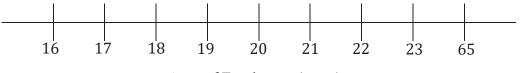
19

The table below shows the ages of 16 employees who work part-time at a cafe.

(a) Complete the dot diagram to show the distribution of the ages of the employees.

19

Answer (a)



Ages of Employees (years)

(b) Find the median of the distribution of ages.

23

Answer (*b*) *Median* = years [1]

18

[1]

(c) Calculate the mean age of the employees.

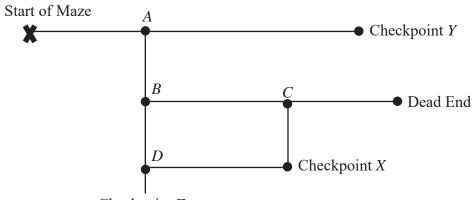
Answer (c) $Mean = \dots$ years [1]

(d) Pranav made the following statement:
 "The mean is the most accurate way to determine the average age of the employees."
 Validate if Pranav statement is true.

[2]

Allyson participates in a game show. In order to win a prize, she has to navigate through a maze.
The prize is located at checkpoint *X*. There are no prizes awarded at checkpoint *Y* and *Z*.
The diagram below shows four junctions *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* in the maze.
Once Allyson runs pass a junction, she is not able to make a turnaround.

The probability that Allyson goes straight, without changing direction, at every junction is $\frac{3}{7}$.

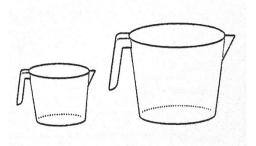


Checkpoint Z

(a) Find the probability that Allyson hits the dead end.

(b) Find the probability that Allyson wins a prize.

Answer (*b*) [3]



(a) Find the ratio of the height of the smaller jug to the ratio of the height of the larger jug.

Answer (a) [1]

(b) The curved surface area of the smaller jug is 63 cm². Find the curved surface area of the larger jug.

Answer (*b*) cm^2 [2]

(c) The capacity of the larger jug is 2.5 litres. Find the capacity of the smaller jug. Give your answer in cubic centimetres.

Answer (c) $\ldots \ldots cm^3$ [2]

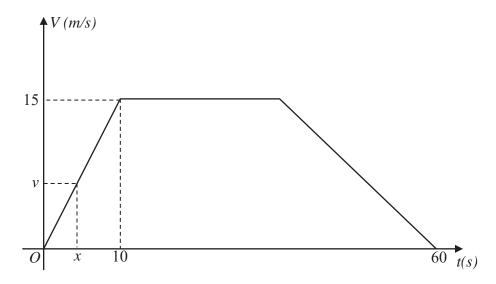
- 21 OPQR is a parallelogram such that $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \binom{2}{4}$ and P is the point (3,2).
 - (a) Express \overrightarrow{RP} as a column vector.

Answer (a) = [2]

(b) The point *J* lies on \overrightarrow{RP} produced such that $\overrightarrow{PJ} = m\overrightarrow{RP}$ Show that $\overrightarrow{OJ} = \begin{pmatrix} 3+m\\ 2-2m \end{pmatrix}$ The diagram shows the speed time graph of a car. The car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly to a speed of 15 m/s in 10 seconds.

The car then travels at a constant speed for some time before it decelerates uniformly at 0.75 m/s^2 until it comes to rest. The whole journey takes one minute.

The whole journey takes one minute.



(a) Given that the speed of the car after x seconds is v m/s, express v in terms of x.

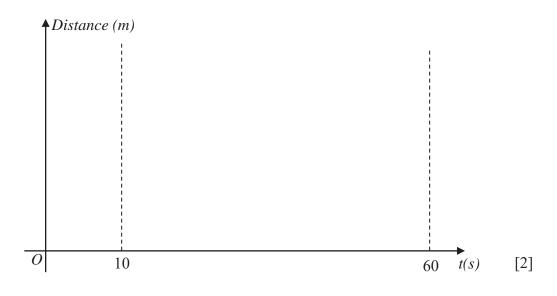
Answer $v = \dots$ [1]

(b) For how long does the car travel at the maximum speed?

(c) Calculate the total distance travelled by the car during this 1 minute journey.

Answer m [2]

(d) Hence, sketch the distance time graph for the whole journey, indicating all relevant values in your sketch.



 \sim End of Paper \sim

Calculator Model :

Class

Index Number



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019



MATHEMATICS Paper 2

Secondary 4 Express / 5 Normal Aacdemic / 4A1 3 September 2019

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. Additional Materials: Graph Paper (1 sheet)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, index number and class on all the work you hand in. You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

If working is needed for any questions it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

Calculators should be used where appropriate.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total marks for this paper is 100.

DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO



Setter: Mrs Jane Cheng

This document consists of <u>21</u> printed pages, including this cover page.

1 (a) Solve the inequality
$$\frac{x+2}{3} \ge \frac{4-x}{7}$$
. [2]

(b) Express as a single fraction in its simplest form
$$\frac{2x}{(3x-5)^2} + \frac{x}{5-3x}$$
. [2]

(c) Simplify
$$\left(\frac{27a^6}{b^{12}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$
. [2]

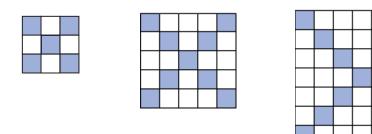
(d) Simplify
$$\frac{24p^3q^2}{5r^3} \div \frac{8p^4r}{15q^3}$$
. [2]

4

(e) Solve the equation $\frac{15}{x+2} = 2x + 3$

[3]

2 A series of diagrams of shaded and unshaded small squares is shown below. The shaded squares are those which lie on the diagonals of the diagram.



(a) Copy and complete the table below.

Diagram, <i>n</i>	1	2	3	4	5	[2]
Number of shaded squares, <i>S</i>	1	5	9			
Number of unshaded squares, <i>U</i>	0	4	16			
Total number of squares, <i>T</i>	1	9	25			

(b) By observing the number patterns, without drawing further diagrams,(i) write down the total number of squares in diagram 12,

[1]

- (ii) find an expression, in terms of *n*, for the total number of squares, *T*. [1]
- (c) (i) Find an expression, in terms of *n*, for the number of shaded squares, *S*. [1]
 - (ii) Write down the number of the diagram that has 41 shaded squares. [1]
- (d) Hence, or otherwise, find an expression, in terms of *n*, for the number of [2] unshaded squares, *U*.

3 P is the point (-5, 12) and Q is the point (5, -4)(a) Find the length of PQ.

[2]

(b) Find the equation of the line *PQ*.

[2]

- (c) The equation of the line l_1 is 8x + 5y + 10 = 0.
 - (i) Show how you can decide whether the line l₁ does or does not intersect the line PQ?[2]

(ii) The equation of line l_2 is 3y = 4x - 39. Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the line l_1 and the line l_2 . [3] **3** Mrs Tan is a Korean Language teacher.

She conducts classes for basic and advaced students on weekdays and weekends. Each student has a 15-week block of lessons with one lesson per week. The matrix K shows the number of students she teaches each week in one 15-week block.

Basic Advanced

$$\mathbf{K} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \text{Weekday} \\ \text{Weekend}$$

(a) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{P} = 15\mathbf{K}$.

[1]

(b) Mrs Tan charges \$20 for each basic lesson and \$32 for each advanced lesson.
 Represent the lesson charges in a 2 × 1 matrix L.

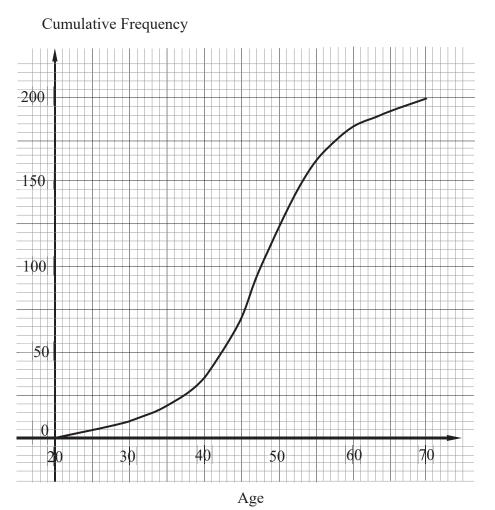
(c) Evaluate the matrix T = PL.

[2]

(d) State what the elements of T represent.

(e) Mrs Tan wants to attract more students, so in the next 15-week block she reduces her prices by 10%.
For this block of lessons, on weekdays she has 15 basic students and 5 advanced students.
On weekends she has 7 basic students and 6 advanced students.

Calculate the total amount of money she earns for this 15-week block of lessons. [3]



(i) Complete the grouped frequency table for the ages of the members. [1]

Age (x)	$20 \le x < 30$	$30 \le x < 40$	$40 \le x < 50$	$50 \le x < 60$	$60 \le x < 70$
Frequency	10				15

(ii) Calculate the mean age of each member.

(iii) Calculate the standard deviation.

www.KiasuExamPaper.com 328 [2]

[1]

(v) A magazine article stated that citizens aged 50 and above are less active [2] than those aged below 40.
 Comment on whether the data from the *Fitness First* club supports this claim.

(b) The table below gives information about the ages of the members in the *Any Time Fitness* club.

	Members aged under 50	Members aged 50 or over
Male	50	34
Female	36	30

- (i) One of these members is selected at random.Find, as a fraction in its lowest terms, the probability that he or she is under 50.
- (ii) Two of the members are selected at random.Find the probability that(a) both members are female, [2]
 - (b) they are both aged 50 or over, but only one is a male member. [2]

[1]

- 6 A litre of 95-octane unleaded petrol cost \$x in January 2019.
 - (a) Mr Ang paid \$ 85.50 for his petrol. Write down in terms of x, the amount of petrol bought. [1]

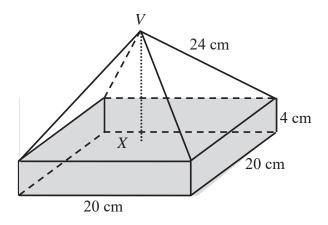
Mr Bala paid \$100 for his 98-octane unleaded petrol which cost 25 cents more per *litre*.

- (b) Write down in terms of *x*, the amount of petrol bought by Mr Bala. [1]
- (c) If Mr Ang received 2 *litres* less petrol than Mr Bala, write down an equation to represent this information and show that it can reduce to $16x^2 112x + 171 = 0.$ [3]

(e) The price of the 98-octane unleaded petrol in *January 2019* was a reduction of [2] 7% on the price in *December 2018*.
 Find the price of the 98-octane unleaded petrol in December 2018 if it cost less than \$3 for a litre of 95-octane unleaded petrol in January 2019.

[2]

7 The diagram shows a container consisting of a square bottom with rectangular sides, each 20 cm by 4 cm, and a regular pyramid on top with perpendicular height given by *VX*. Water is poured into the container till the brim of the cuboid.



(a) Find the height *VX* of the pyramid.

(b) Calculate the total surface area of the container.

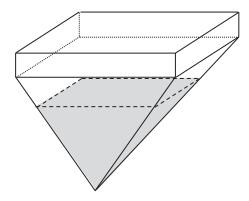
(c) Find the volume of water in the cuboid.

[1]

www.KiasuExamPaper.com 332 [2]

[2]

The container is now inverted as shown in the diagram below.

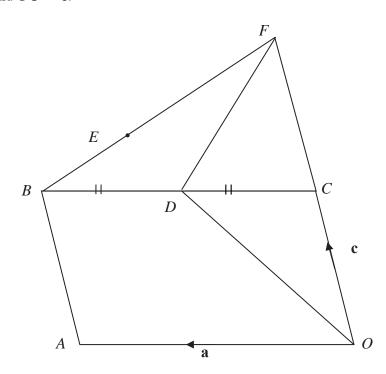


(d) Calculate the depth of the water in the pyramid when inverted.

[3]

(e) Another smaller container, which is geometrically similar, has a square base [2] of 225 cm². Both containers are made of the same material. Find the mass of the smaller container in grams, given that the mass of the empty larger container is 1.28 kg.

8 In the diagram, *OABC* is a parallelogram and *D* is the midpoint of *BC*. *BE* and *OC* produced intersect at the point *F*. *BE* : *BF* = 1 : 3 and *OC* : *OF* = 1 : 2. Let $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$.



(a) Express and simply the following vectors in terms of **a** and **c**.

(i)
$$\overrightarrow{AC}$$
 [1]

(ii)
$$\overrightarrow{BF}$$
 [1]

17

(c) Find the ratio of the areas of

(i)	ΔODF and ΔOEF ,	[1]
-----	---------------------------------	----	---

(ii) $\triangle OCD$ and OABC, [1]

(iii) $\triangle OCD$ and $OABF$.	[2]
------------------------------------	-----

9 Two school teams, *Novotel* and *Temasek*, are participating in an Amazing Race in Bishan Park. The diagram shows the paths in the park. The teams assemble at *P* before heading to *Q* to start the race. *P* is due north of *R*.
The bearing of R from Q is 241°.
The distance *PR* is 72 metres and the distance *RQ* is 85 metres.

(a) Find the distance PQ.

P72 m RRNorth Q85 m [3]

(b) The final station of the race is at *R*, each team is required to find a *clue* that is hidden at point *S* before completing the race at *R*.
The bearing of *S* from *R* is 099° and *QS* is 54 metres.
Given that there are **two** possible locations for *S*, find the two possible values of angle *RSQ*.

10 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The table below gives some values of *x* and the corresponding values of *y* for y = x(1 + x)(5 - x).

x	- 2	- 1	- 0.5	1	2	3	4	5
у	14	0	- 1.375	8	18	р	20	0

[1]

[3]

[2]

(a) Find the value of p.

(b) Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for -2 ≤ x ≤ 5. Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 5 units, draw a vertical y-axis for -5 ≤ y ≤ 25. On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve.
(c) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve where x = 4.

- (d) (i) On the same axes, draw the line 2x + y = 12 for $-2 \le x \le 5$. [1]
 - (ii) Write down the *x*-coordinates of the points where this line intersects the [2] curve.
 - (iii) The *x*-coordinates of the points where the two graphs intersect are solutions of the equation $x^3 + Ax^2 + Bx + 12 = 0$. Find the value of *A* and the value of *B*. [2]

~~~ End of Paper ~~~

|                     |                                            | Calculator Mo                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | odel :                   |
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| MATHEM<br>Paper 1   | IATICS                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                          |
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| Setter: Mr          | r Alvis Mazon Tan                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 80                       |

# Mathematical Formulae

Compound interest

Total amount = 
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curve surface area of a cone = 
$$\pi rl$$
  
Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$   
Volume of a cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$   
Volume of a sphere =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$   
Volume of a sphere =  $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin c$   
Area of triangle  $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin c$   
Area of triangle  $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin c$   
Area of triangle  $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin c$   
Bacoo 31  
Area longth =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians.  
Bacoo 31  
Area longth =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians.  
Trigonometry  
Trigonometry  
 $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$ 

 $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ 

**Statistics** 

Mean = 
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$
  
Standard deviation =  $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$ 

Answer all the questions.

 $\sqrt{0.49}$ 

 $0.60^{\frac{2}{3}}$ 

0.701

Write down the following in ascending order.

25

38

Jo.49 0.701 0.60 [1] 2 Expand and simplify (2x - 1)(2 - 3x) - 3x(2x - 5). (a) (2x-1)(2-3x) - 3x(2x-5) $= 4x - 6x^2 - 2 + 3x - 6x^2 + 16$ [MI]  $= -|2\chi^2 + 22\chi - 2$  $= (54)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (50)^{(-1)} (5$  $= -2(6x^2 - 11x)$ [AI] [2] Factorise completely 24ab - 4ac + pq - opb. (b) 650ec) P) (65-c) [AI]

Answer (b) .....[2]

630

[1]

3

1

Calculate  $\frac{13.5^3}{6.48-2.57}$ , giving your answers corrected to 2 significant figures.

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If the radius of a sphere increases by 10%, find the percentage increase in its volume.

 $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}(1.1)^{3} - \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3} \times 100\% EM13$   $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$ 33 1% [AI] Answer ..... .....% [2] On a certain day the exchange rate between the pounds (f) and the Singapore 5 dollars was S 1.684 = £1. Calculate the amount of pounds that Renee can buy with S\$203. 1263 1263 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 Calculate the amount of pounds that Renee can buy with S\$1263 (a) [1] (b) change £200 back to Singapore dollars. If the loss by this transaction is S\$6, what is the current exchange rate? Leave your answers corrected to 4 decimal places. with reference to the original exchange rate £200:5\$1.684 × 200 = \$\$ 336.80 5\$336.80 - 5\$6 = 5\$330.8 New exchange rate:

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 $\frac{5\$330.8}{\$200} = 5\$1.654[AI]$ 

Answer (b)  $\pounds 1 = S \$... 654$ 

[2]

Integers P and Q, written as products of their prime factors, are

- $P = 2^2 \times 3 \times k^2$  and  $Q = 2^3 \times 7 \times k$ , where k is a prime number.
- (a) Express, in terms of k and as a product of its prime factors, the smallest possible integer which is exactly divisible by both P and Q.

 $L \cdot (\cdot M = 2^{3} \times 3 \times 7 \times K^{2} \Gamma B I ]$ Answer (a)  $2 \times 3 \times 7 \times K^2$ [1] Find the smallest integer, n, such that 27 kn is a multiple of P. Give your (b) answer in terms of k if necessary. EVery Whatsapp Islandwide Delivery Whatsapp EM17 [AI] [2]

Kai Xuan has written down seven numbers.

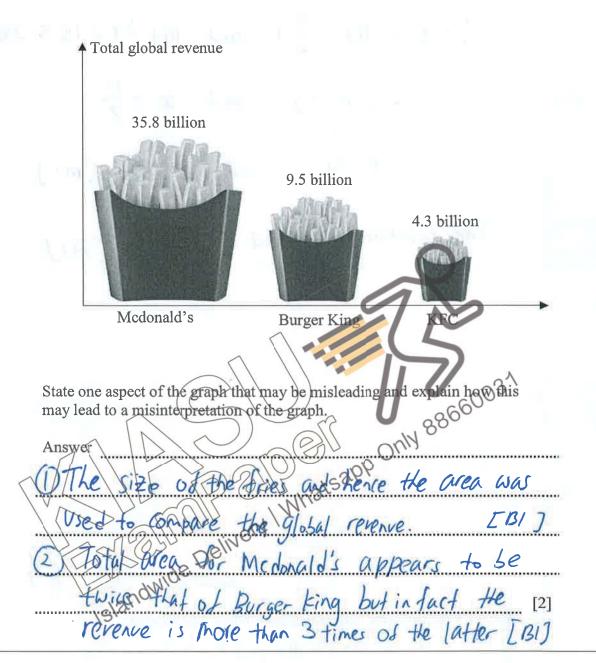
The mean of these numbers is 8, the median is 7 and the mode is 11. The smallest number is an even prime number and the largest number is eight times the smallest number.

The second and third numbers are consecutive numbers.

Find the seven numbers.

[mi]  $2+7+11+11+16+x_2+x_3$  $x_{2} + x_{3} = 9$  $u^{2}+5 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $u^{2}+6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $u^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $u^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$   $U^{2}-6 \text{ and make } u \text{ the subject of the formula.}$ [AI] Answer = ...[2] 8 Rearrange the formula v [3] Answer u = 1

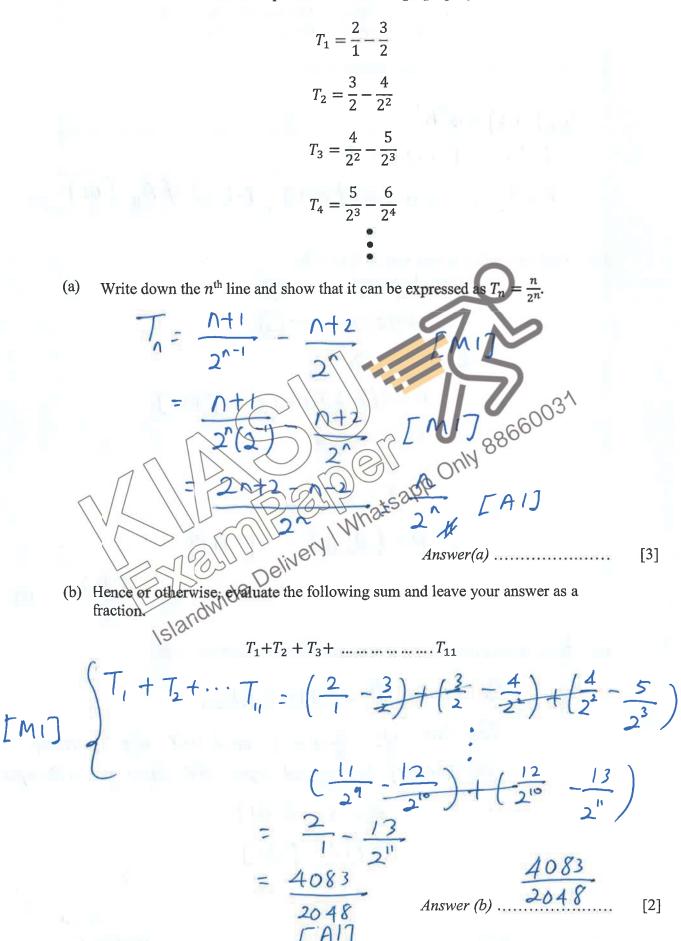
The graph shows the total revenue, in billion dollars, of three different fast food chain.



(a) Solve the inequalities  $8 + x < 10 + \frac{3}{2}x \le 15.5 - 2x$ . 8+x < 10+ 3/2 and 10+ 3/2 × (15.5-2x [M]]  $-\frac{1}{2}X < 2$  and  $X < \frac{11}{7}$ x 74 and  $x \leq \frac{11}{7}$  [MI] The solution is -4<x<== A1] Hence, write down the largest rational number that satisfies  $8 + x < 10 + \frac{3}{2}x \le 15.5 - 2x$ [3] (b)

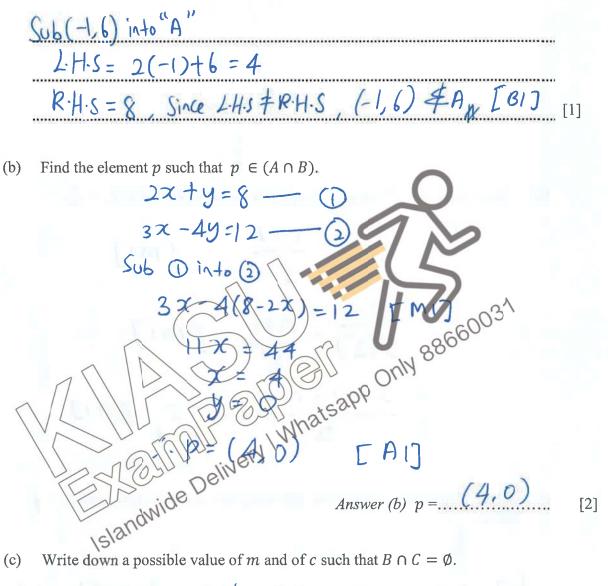
Answer (b) 
$$x = \dots \qquad \stackrel{11}{7}$$
 [1]

The first four terms in a sequence of numbers  $T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4$  are as follow



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- $A = \{\text{points lying on the line } 2x + y = 8\}$  $B = \{\text{points lying on the line } 3x - 4y = 12\}$  $C = \{\text{points lying on the line } mx - 4y = c\}$
- (a) Is  $(-1,6) \in A$ ? Explain your answer clearly.



Write down a possible value of m and of c such that  $B \cap C = \emptyset$ . (c)

> $B \cap C = \phi = > No solution.$ The line  $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 3$  and mx - 4y = c must be purallel but cannot have the same y-intercept. M=3 [B17 C=12 [BI]

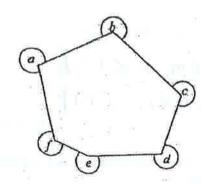
> > Answer (c)  $m = \dots$

HNY Valve

[1][1]

12

The diagram below shows an irregular hexagon. Calculate the value of a + b + c + d + e + f.



Sum of interior x in a hexagon: (6-2) × 180°

360° × 6 = 2160°

Sumof reflex &'s Ma

FLO

Answer \$ 7211.54

[MI]

[3]

tf: 2160° - 7200

14

Jia Lung invested some money in the savings account for 4 years. The rate of compound interest was fixed at 4% per annum compounded anually. At the end of 4 years, there was \$8436.48 in her account.

How much did til Lung invest in the account?

 $\frac{\#^{arnu}}{\#^{arnu}} = P(1+\frac{r}{100})^{4}$   $8 + 36 \cdot 48 = P(1+\frac{4}{100})^{4}$   $8 + 36 \cdot 48 = P(1 \cdot 0.4)^{4}$   $P = \frac{8 + 36 \cdot 48}{(1 \cdot 0.4)^{4}} = \$7211.54$  TA17

13

#### Akshay jogs at a speed of 10 km/h.

One evening he jogged around his neighborhood for 1 hour 30 minutes.

(a) Calculate the distance that Akshay covered.

10km/6 × 1.5h = 15 km [B] Answer (a) =  $\frac{15}{m}$  K [1]

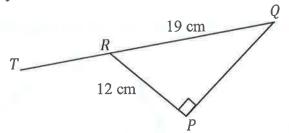
(b) Given that the scale of the neighbourhood is 1: 25000, find in cm, the map distance that he covered.

1 cm: 25000 cm 1cm:0.25 km 15km=) 15km [AI] . cm [2] reservoir located in his neighbourhood occupies a total area of 1.70 cm<sup>2</sup> on (c)the map. What is the actual area, in m2, of the reservoir?  $\frac{1}{15landwight cm^{2}}: 625000000 cm^{2} [Mi] \\ l(m^{2}: 62500 m^{2})$ 1.70 cm2: 1.70 × 62500m2 = 106250 mg [AI]

15

[2]

PQR is a right-angled triangle. QRT is a straight line. PR = 12 cm and QR = 19 cm.



Find the values of the following, giving your answer to two decimal places where necessary.

(a)  $tan \angle PQR$ 

 $QP = \int 1q^2 - 12^2$ tan  $\neq PQR = 12^2$ EVACUULUU CUCUU Islandaride Delivery I Whatsapp Answer (a) 0.81[2] cos ZTRP (b) (OS (180° - XTRP) (OS (XQRP) [M1] (os -12 19 H [A] Answer (b)... [2]

In the diagram, O is the centre of the circle BCD with radius 20 cm and CD is the diameter of the circle. The ratio of the length AB to the length AD is 0.5.

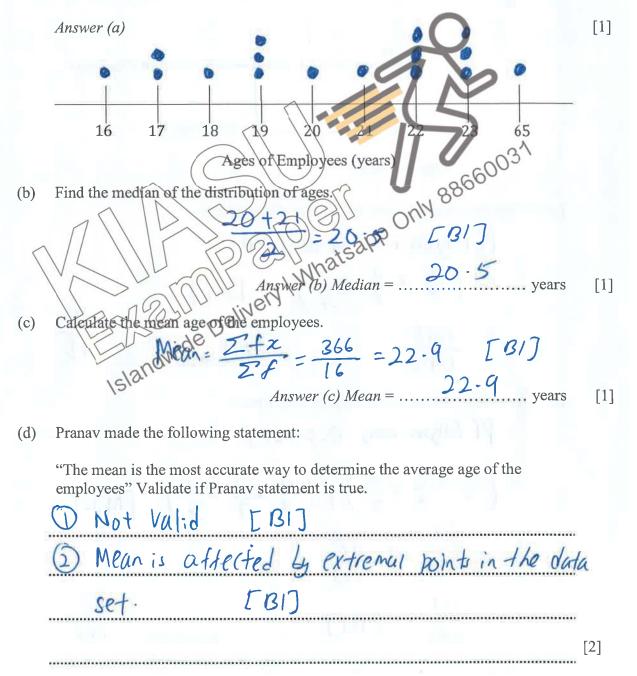
A is a point on BC produced such that AD is a tangent to the circle at D.

0 Calculate the area of the shaded region.  $ADB = \sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{11}{6} rgc$ June That I and I \$ BDC = I rad T XBCD = TT Alea oo region = Area of sector - Area of OBD AOBD  $= \frac{1}{2} (20)^{2} (\frac{\pi}{2}) - \frac{1}{2} (20)^{2} \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}) [Mi]$  $= 362 \text{ cm}^2$ Answer (b) ..... cm<sup>2</sup> [5]

The table below shows the ages of 16 employees who work part-time at a cafe.

| 20 | 21 | 16 | 23 |  |
|----|----|----|----|--|
| 22 | 17 | 19 | 65 |  |
| 23 | 22 | 17 | 22 |  |
| 23 | 19 | 19 | 18 |  |

(a) Complete the dot diagram to show the distribution of the ages of the employees.

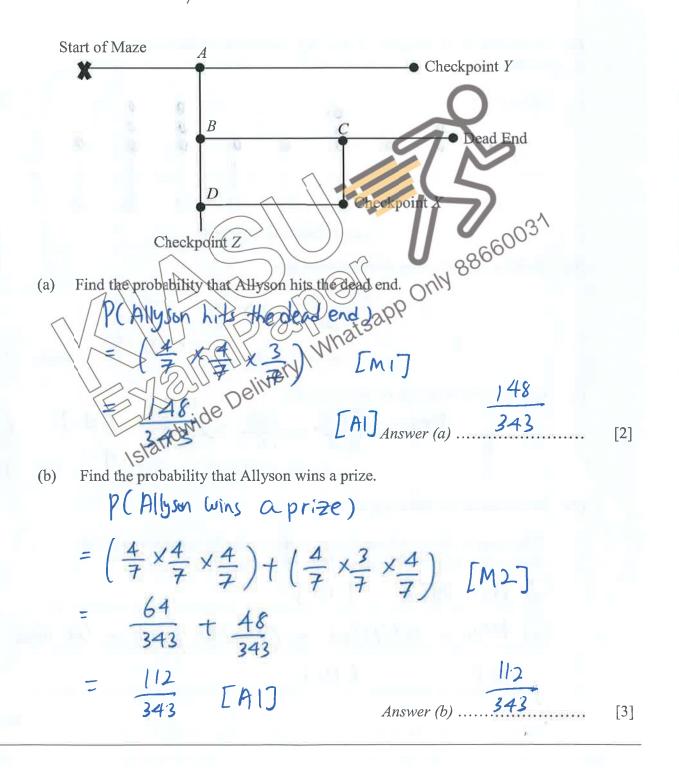


Allyson participates in a game show. In order to win a prize, she has to navigate through a maze.

The prize is located at checkpoint *X*. There are no prizes awarded at checkpoint *Y* and *Z*.

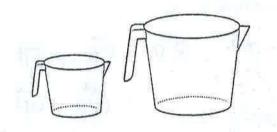
The diagram below shows four junctions *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* in the maze. Once Allyson runs pass a junction, she is not able to make a turnaround.

The probability that Allyson goes straight, without changing direction, at every junction is  $\frac{3}{7}$ .

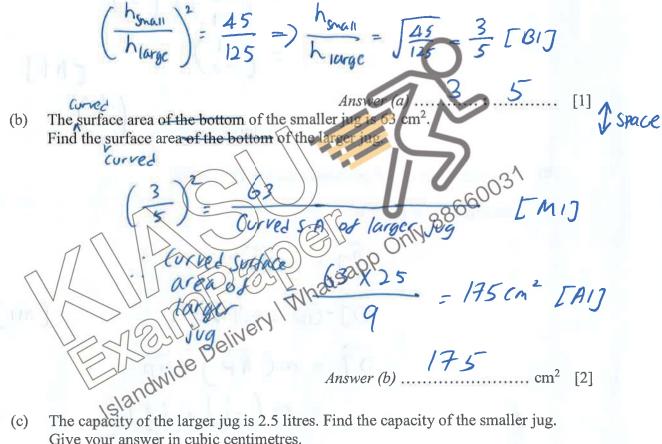




Two similar jugs have base area of 45  $cm^2$  and 125  $cm^2$ .



Find the ratio of the height of the smaller jug to the ratio of the height of the (a) larger jug.



(c) Give your answer in cubic centimetres.

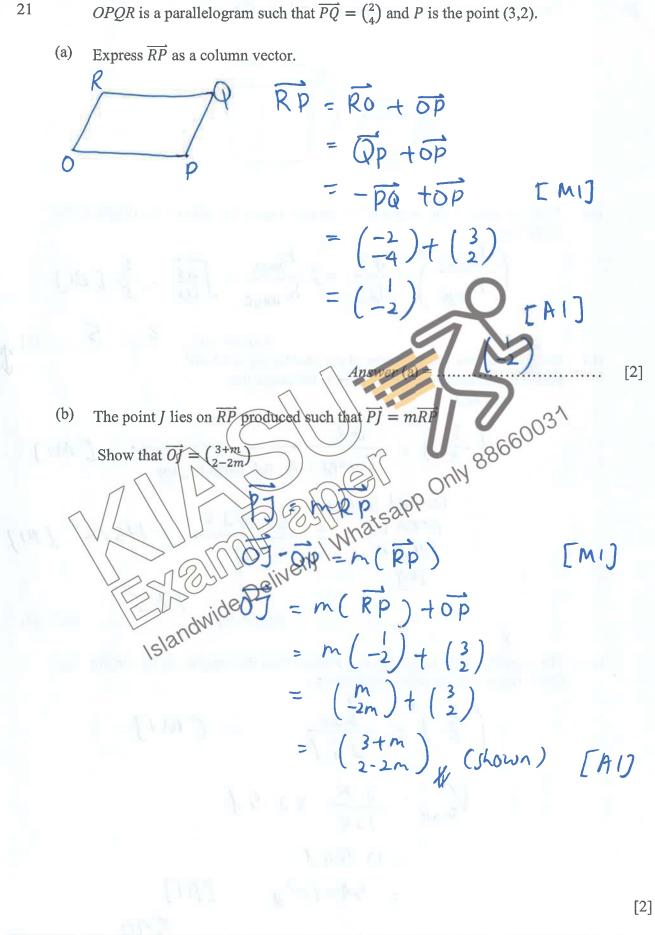
$$\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{3} = \frac{V_{\text{small}}}{2.5 \, l} \qquad \text{[MI]}$$

$$V_{\text{small}} = \frac{27}{125} \times 2.5 \, l$$

$$= 0.54 \, l$$

$$= 540 \, \text{(m}^{3} \, \text{k} \qquad \text{[AI]}$$

$$Answer(c) \qquad 540 \qquad \text{cm}^{3} \qquad [2]$$

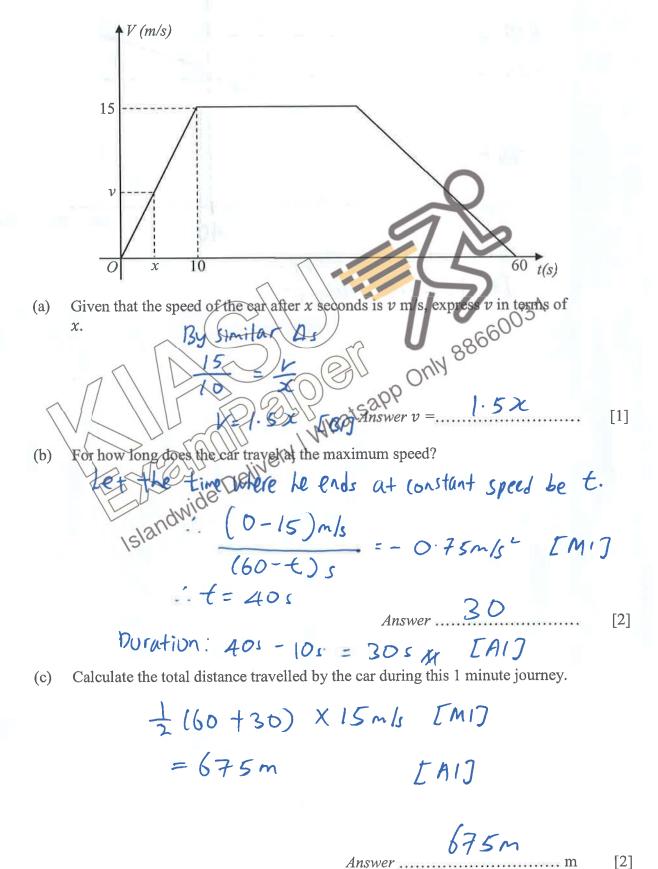


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The diagram shows the speed time graph of a car. The car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly to a speed of 15 m/s in 10 seconds.

The car then travels at a constant speed for some time before it decelerates uniformly at  $0.75 \text{ m/s}^2$  until it comes to rest.

The whole journey takes one minute.



22

- ↑Distance (m) 675 525 75 0 10 [2] t(s)60 [BI] : Correct shape Unide Delivery I Whatsapp Only 88660031 [BI] : Correct the s www.KiasuExamPaper.com 360
- (d) Hence, sketch the distance time graph for the whole journey, indicating all relevant values in your sketch.

Calculator Model :

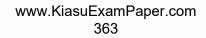
**Full Name** Class Index Number Marking Scheme PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 4048/02 I believe, therefore I am MATHEMATICS Paper 2 Secondary 4 Express / Secondary 5 Normal (Academic) 3 September 2019 hours 30 minutes Candidates answer on the Question Paper. Additional Materials: **Graph Paper READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST** Answer all questions. If working is required for any question, it must be shown with the answer. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks. The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected when If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the answer to three significant from For  $\pi$ , use either If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the cuestion, and if the answer is not exact, give your For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of  $\pi$ . At the end of the examplation, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question. The total marks for this paper is **100**. DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO For Examiner's Use 100 Setter: Mrs Jane Cheng This document consists of **21** printed pages, including this cover page.



Answer all the questions.

(a) Solve the inequality  $\frac{x+2}{3} \ge \frac{4-x}{7}$ . [2]  $7(\chi+2) \ge 3(4-\chi)$ 7x+1× > 12-3× (m1) (0X ≥-2  $\chi = -\frac{1}{5}$  (A) 2xExpress as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{2}{(3x-1)^2}$ **(b)** [2] X  $\frac{2\chi}{(3\chi-5)^2}$  -37-50 Simplify  $\frac{27a^{6}}{L^{1-}}$ 

[2]



1

(c)

 $= \left(\frac{b^{12}}{27a^6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ 

 $= \frac{b^4}{3g^2}$ 

(d) Simplify 
$$\frac{24p^{3}q^{2}}{5r^{3}} \div \frac{ep^{4}r}{15q^{2}}$$
. [2]  

$$= \frac{24p^{3}q^{2}}{5r^{3}} \times \frac{15q^{3}}{8r^{4}r} (ml)$$

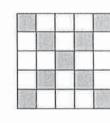
$$= \frac{qq^{2}r^{3}}{r^{3}+1}$$

$$= \frac{qq^{2}}{r^{4}} (q)$$
(e) Solve the equation  $\frac{15}{3r^{4}} = 2x + 3$  (f)  
 $r^{3}+1$ 
(f)  $r^{4}$  (g)  
 $r^{3}+1$ 
(g)  $r^{4}$  (g)  
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2 A series of diagrams of shaded and unshaded small squares is shown below. The shaded squares are those which lie on the diagonals of the diagram.





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|      |     |       |           | 18.5 |     |     |
|      | 僧書  |       |           |      |     |     |
| 1910 | -   |       | -         |      |     | 166 |

(a) Copy and complete the table below.

| Diagram, <i>n</i>                  | 1 | 2 | 3  | 4   | 5     | [2]    |
|------------------------------------|---|---|----|-----|-------|--------|
| Number of shaded squares, <i>S</i> | 1 | 5 | 9  | 13  | 17    |        |
| Number of unshaded squares, U      | 0 | 4 | 16 | 76  | 64    |        |
| Total number of squares, <i>T</i>  | 1 | 9 | 25 | 714 | 9-=81 | (21-1) |

(b) By observing the number patterns, without drawing further diagrams,
 (i) write down the total number of squares in diagram 12,

(i) write down the total number of squares in diagram 11, [1]  

$$n = 12$$
 (2)  $(2 - 1)^2 = (2 \times 12 - 1)^2 = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) = (2 - 2) =$ 

(c) (i) Find an expression, in terms of 
$$n$$
, for the number of shaded squares,  $S$ . [1]  
 $S_{15}(n) + n - 3$  (A)

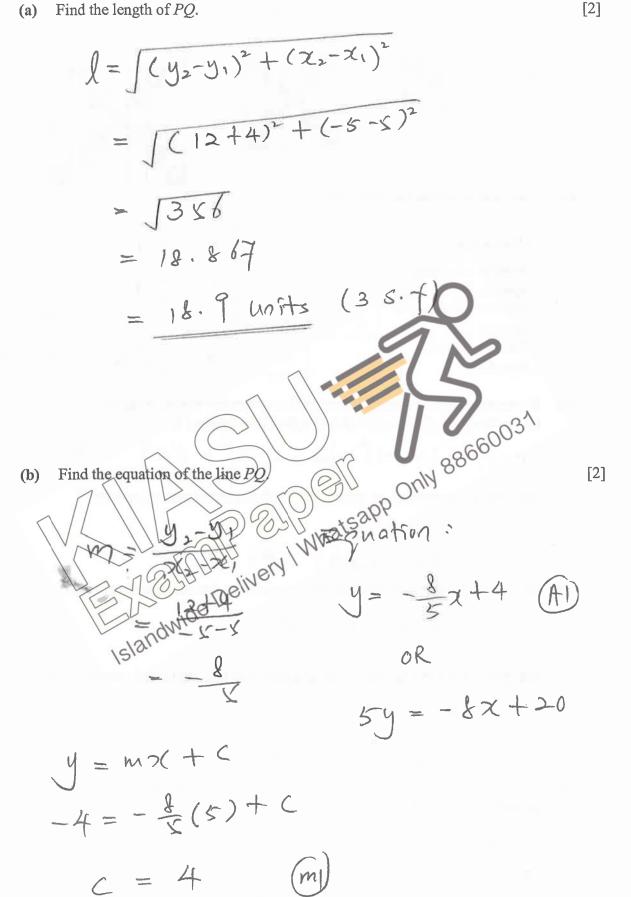
(ii) Write down the number of the diagram that has 41 shaded squares. [1]

$$4n-3 = 41$$
  
 $4n = 44$   
 $n = 11$  (A1)

(d) Hence, or otherwise, find an expression, in terms of *n*, for the number of [2] unshaded squares, *U*.

$$U = T - 3$$
  
=  $(2n-1)^{2} - (4n-3)$  (m1)  
=  $4n^{2} - 4n + 1 - 4n + 3$   
=  $4n^{2} - 8n + 4$   
=  $4n^{2} - 8n + 4$   
=  $4(www.KiasuExamPaper.com (A1))$   
365

3 P is the point (-5, 12) and Q is the point (5, -4)



(i) Show how you can decide whether the line  $l_1$  does or does not intersect the line PQ? [2]  $m = -\frac{8}{x} (m_1)$  $\int_{1}^{5} \frac{5y}{y} = -8x - 10$   $\int_{1}^{5} \frac{-8}{5x - 2}$ Both equations have the same gradient, they are parallel to each other. Hence, the line & does not intersect with PQ. (ii) The equation of line  $t_2$  is 3y = 4x - 39. [3] 11y = -88sub y=-8 mto eqn ()  $8\chi + 5(-8) = -10$  $8 \times = -10 + 40$ 8x = 30 $\chi = 33/4$  $\chi = 3.75$ 

#### www.KiasuExamPaper.com 367

(A)

The equation of the line  $l_1$  is 8x + 5y + 10 = 0.

(c)

3 Mrs Tan is a Korean Language teacher.

She conducts classes for basic and advaced students on weekdays and weekends. Each student has a 15-week block of lessons with one lesson per week. The matrix K shows the number of students she teaches each week in one 15-week block.

Basic Advanced  $\mathbf{K} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ Weekday Weekend **(a)** Evaluate the matrix  $\mathbf{P} = 15\mathbf{K}$ . [1]  $\rho = 15 \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$  $= \begin{pmatrix} 180 & 45 \\ 75 & 120 \end{pmatrix}$ Mrs Tan charges \$20 for each basic lesson and \$32 for each advanced lesson. Represent the lesson charges in a  $2 \times 1$  matrix L. Evaluate the matrix TOP PL.  $= \left( 5040^{1} \right)$ (b) [1] (c) [2]

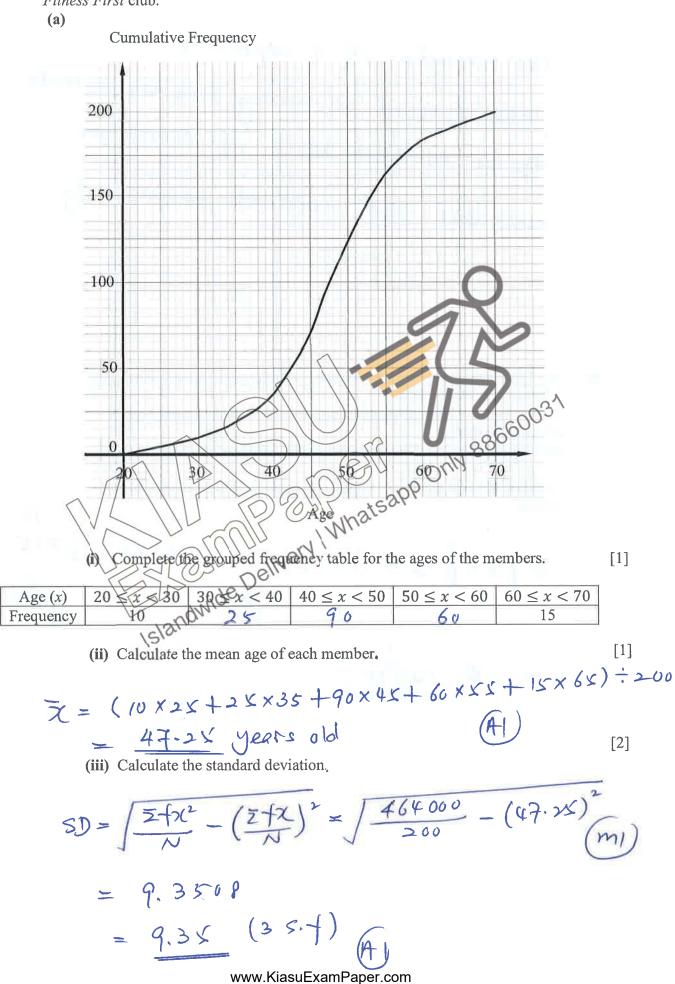
(d) State what the elements of **T** represent.

The elements of T represent the total amount of miney Mrs Tan collects for a 15-week block of lessons on welkdays and weekends respectively. Mrs Tan wants to attract more students, so in the next 15 week block she **(e)** reduces her prices by 10%-For this block of lessons, on weekdays she has 15 basic students and 53 On weekends she has 7 basic students and 6 advanced students. Calculate the total amount of menevished of a contract of the students. m 10,692

9

[1]

5 The cumulative frequency graph shows the distribution of the age groups of the *Fitness First* club.



(iv) Find the percentage of members whose age is 30 years old and above but [1] less than 60 years old.

No. of members = 
$$25 \pm 90 \pm 60 = 175$$
  
 $\frac{175}{200} \times 100\% = 87.5\%$  (A)

(v) A magazine article stated that citizens aged 50 and above are less active [2] than those aged below 40.

Comment on whether the data from the Fitness First club supports this Accept { percentage of members \$ 50 TS × 100% = 37.5% } for any other { percentage of members < 40 3000% = 17.5% } for reasonable { percentage of members < 40 3000% = 17.5% } for answer. It is not true that citizens \$ 5000% old are less active

The table below gives information about the ages of the members in the Any (b) *Time Fitness* club.

(i) /One of these members is selected at random. towest terms, the probability that he or she is under Find as a fraction in its (ii) Two of the members are selected at random. No. of female(i) both members are female.

[2] (a) both members are female,

$$P(Both are female) = \frac{66}{150} \times \frac{65}{149} = \frac{143}{745}$$
 (A1)  
(m1) [2]

No. of members 
$$\geq 50$$
 yrs old male : 34  
 $P(Both \geq 50$  yrs old, only one is a mate member)  
 $= \frac{34}{156} \times \frac{30}{149} + \frac{30}{150} \times \frac{34}{149} = \frac{69}{145}$  (f)  
(M) WWW.KiasuExamPaper.com  
 $371$ 

they are both aged 50 or over but only one is a male member

- 12
- 6 A litre of 95-octane unleaded petrol cost \$x in January 2019.
  - (a) Mr Ang paid \$ 85.50 for his petrol. Write down in terms of x, the amount of petrol bought.

Mr Ang = 
$$\frac{g_{X-Y}}{X}$$
 litre (A)

Mr Bala paid \$100 for his 98-octane unleaded petrol which cost 25 cents more per *litre*.

(b) Write down in terms of x, the amount of petrol bought by Mr Bala. [1]

(c) If Mr Ang received 2 *litres* less petrol than Mr Bala, write down an equation to represent this information and show that it can reduce to  $16x^2 - 112x + 171 = 0.$  [3]

$$\frac{100}{x+b} = \frac{100}{x+b} = 2x(x+0.2)$$

$$\frac{100}{x+b} = 2x^{2}(x+0.2) = 2x(x+0.2)$$

$$\frac{100}{x+b} = 2x^{2} + \frac{1}{2}x$$

 $16\chi^2 - 112\chi + 171 = 0$  shown (A1)

Solve the equation  $16x^2 - 112x + 171 = 0$ . (d)

9

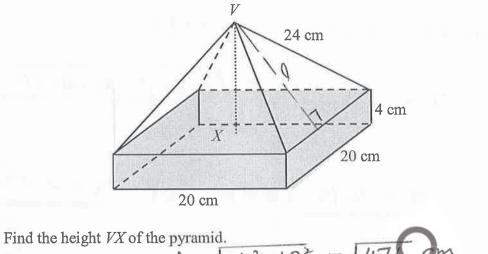
$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 16 \quad b = -112 \quad c = 171 \\ \chi = -\frac{(-112) \pm \sqrt{(-112)^2 - 4(16)(171)}}{2\times 16} \quad \text{(M1)} \\ \chi = 475 \quad (2 \text{ dip}) \quad 07 \quad \chi = 2.25 \\ \chi = 475 \quad (2 \text{ dip}) \quad 07 \quad \chi = 2.25 \\ \chi = 475 \quad (2 \text{ dip}) \quad 07 \quad \chi = 2.25 \\ \chi = 475 \quad (2 \text{ dip}) \quad 07 \quad \chi = 2.25 \\ \chi = 475 \quad (2 \text{ dip}) \quad 07 \quad \chi = 2.25 \\ \chi$$

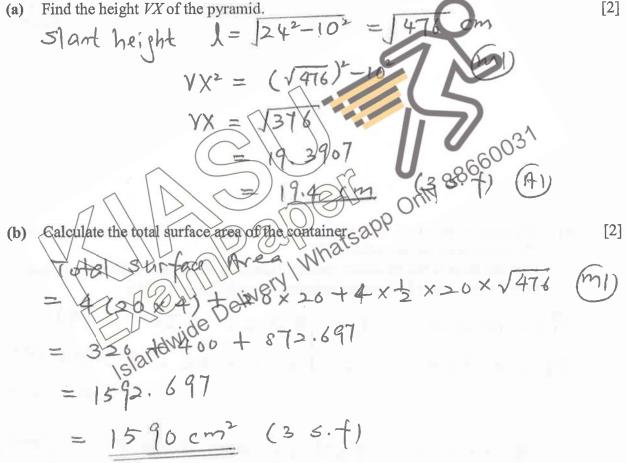
$$\frac{2.50}{93} \times 100\% = 2.68817$$
$$= \# 2.69 (2 d.p)$$
(A1)

Price of 98-octane m Dec 2018 was www.KiasuExamPaper.com \$2.69 373

[2]

7 The diagram shows a container consisting of a square bottom with rectangular sides, each 20 cm by 4 cm, and a regular pyramid on top with perpendicular height given by *VX*. Water is poured into the container till the brim of the cuboid.



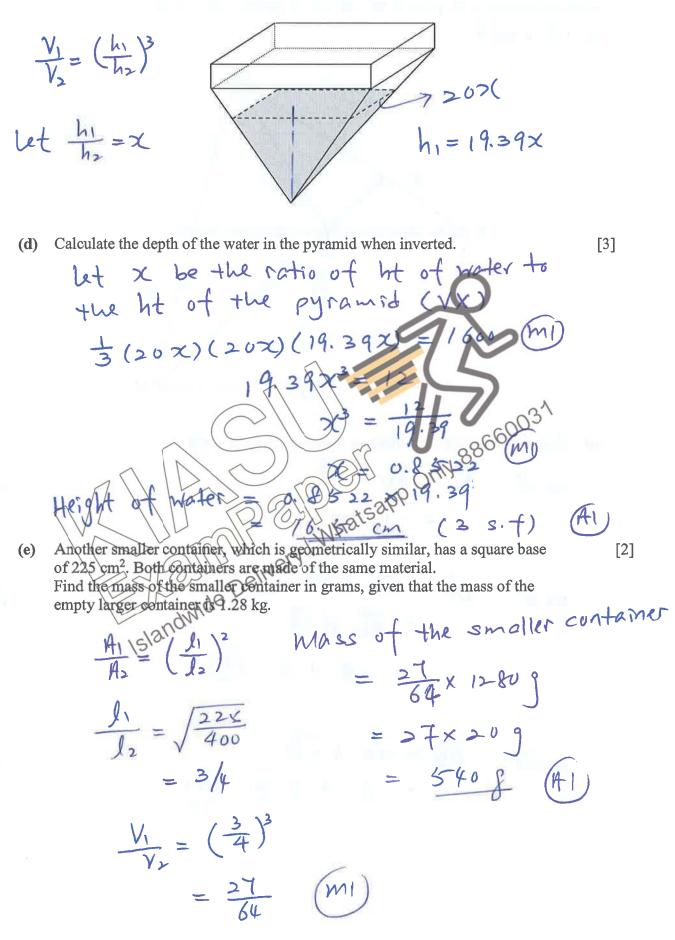


(c) Find the volume of water in the cuboid.

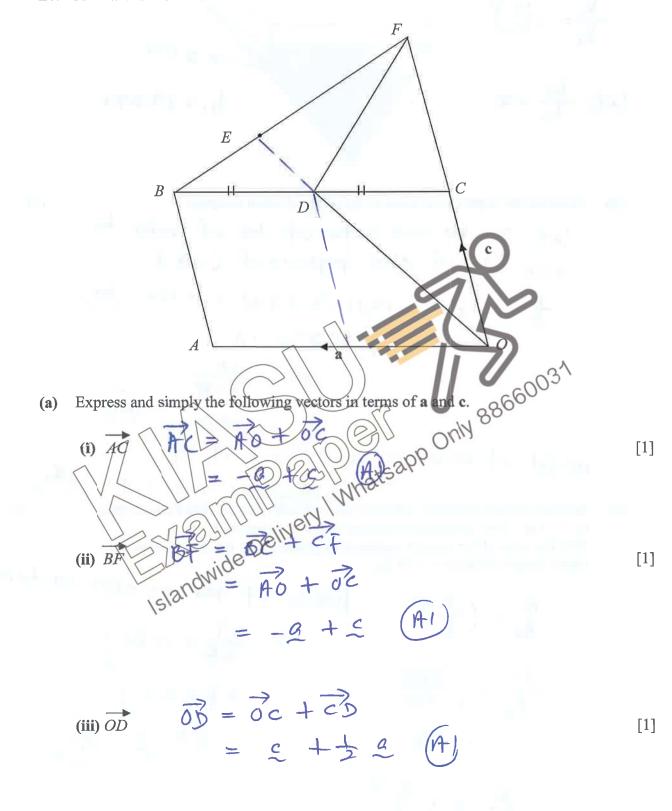
[1]

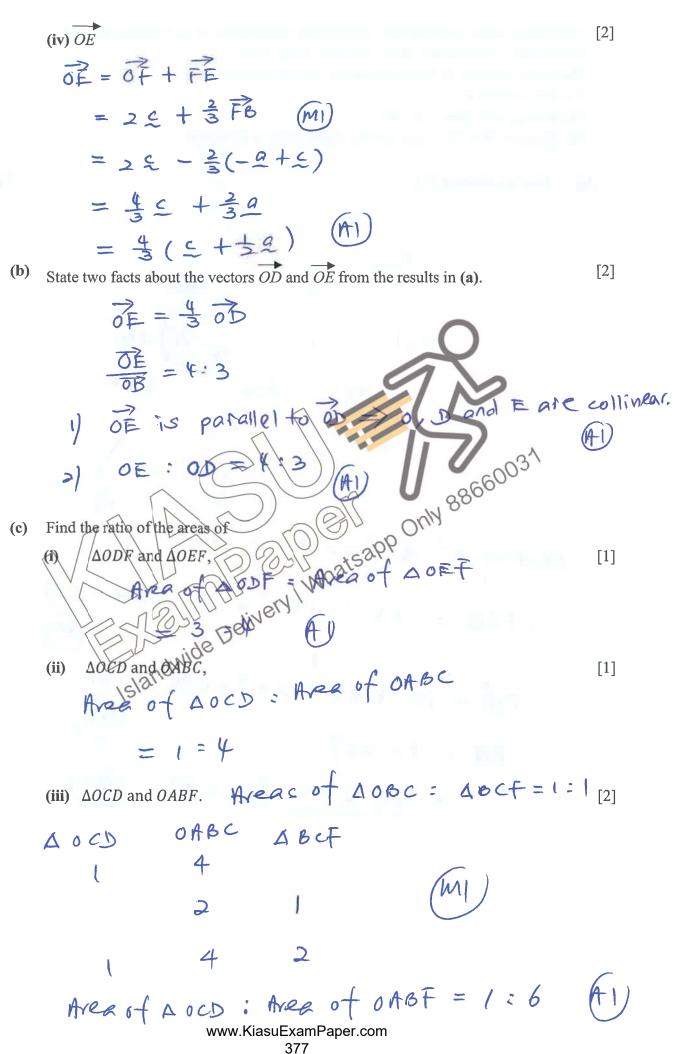
Volume of water in the cuboid = 20×20×14 = 1600 cm<sup>3</sup>

The container is now inverted as shown in the diagram below.



8 In the diagram, *OABC* is a parallelogram and *D* is the midpoint of *BC*. *BE* and *OC* produced intersect at the point *F*. *BE* : *BF* = 1 : 3 and *OC* : *OF* = 1 : 2. Let  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$ .





[3]

9 Two school teams, Novotel and Temasek, are participating in an Amazing Race in Bishan Park. The diagram shows the paths in the park.
 The teams assemble at P before heading to Q to start the race.

P is due north of R.

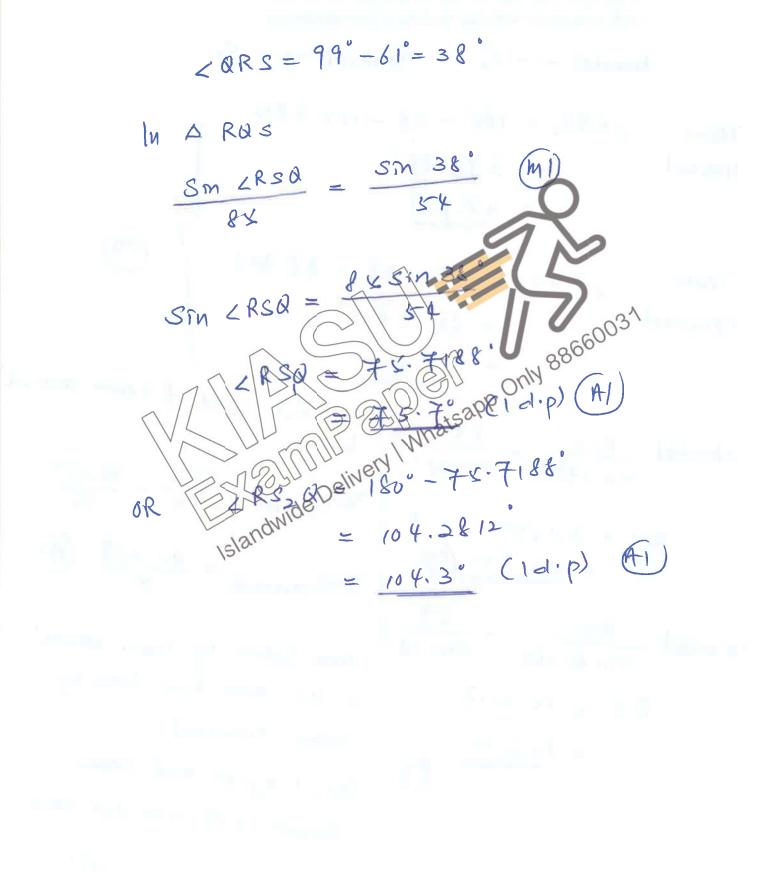
The bearing of R from Q is 241°.

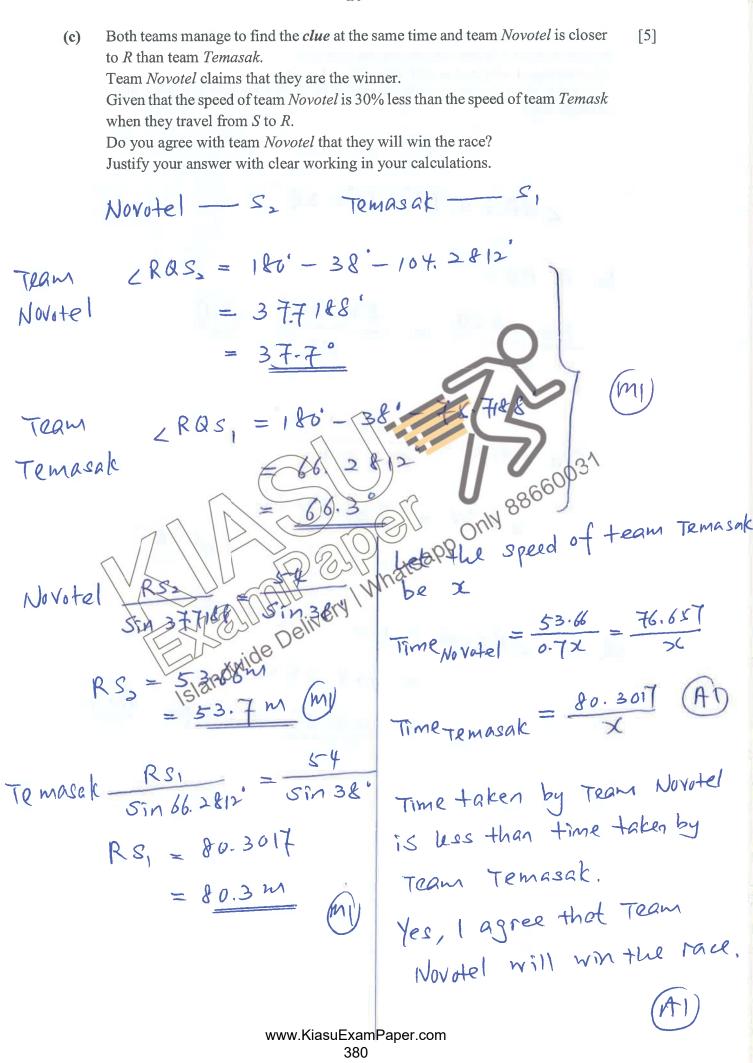
The distance PR is 72 metres and the distance RQ is 85 metres.

(a) Find the distance PQ.

Р North 72 m 99 85 m Whatsappeon 88650031 Sandwide Delivery 20° = 6 PQ PQ = 80.467= 80-Xm (3 s-f)

(b) The final station of the race is at R, each team is required to find a *clue* that is hidden at point S before completing the race at R.
The bearing of S from R is 099° and QS is 54 metres.
Given that there are two possible locations for S, find the two possible values of angle RSQ.





# 10 Answer the whole of this question on a sheet of graph paper.

The table below gives some values of x and the corresponding values of y for y = x(1+x)(5-x).

| x | -2 | i → 1 | - 0.5  | 1 | 2  | 3 | 4  | 5 |
|---|----|-------|--------|---|----|---|----|---|
| у | 14 | 0     | -1.375 | 8 | 18 | р | 20 | 0 |

(a) Find the value of *p*.

dai

- Using a scale of 2 cm to 1 unit, draw a horizontal x-axis for  $-2 \le x \le 5$ . (b) Using a scale of 2 cm to represent 5 units, draw a vertical y-axis for  $-5 \leq \gamma \leq 25$ . On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve.
- By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve where (c)
- On the same axes, draw the line 2x + y =(d) **(i)** 
  - FT [2] (ii) Write down the x-coordinates of the points where this line intersects the ,6003' curve.
  - (iii) The x-coordinates of the points where the two graphs intersect are solutions of the equation  $x^3 + Ax^2 + Bx^2 + D = 0$ . Find the value of A and vide beinery Whatsapp the value of B!

[2]

[1]

[3]

[2]

[1]

$$d(111) = \frac{1}{1540} + \frac{1}{100} - 2x + 12$$

$$y = \chi (5 + 4x - x^{2})$$

$$= -\chi^{3} + 4\chi^{2} + 5\chi$$

$$-\chi^{3} + 4\chi^{2} + 5\chi = -2\chi + 12$$

$$-\chi^{3} + 4\chi^{2} + 7\chi - 12 = 0$$

$$\chi^{3} - 4\chi^{2} - 7\chi + 12 = 0$$

$$A = -4 \quad (A1)$$

$$B = -7 \quad (A1)$$

~~~ End of Paper ~~~

